

# Image Cross-Correlation Using COSI-Corr: A Versatile Technique to Monitor and Quantify Surface Deformation in Space and Time

#### Sébastien Leprince, François Ayoub, and Jean-Philippe Avouac

California Institute of Technology

December 9, 2011

AGU 2011, Invited





イロト 不得 とう アイロト

#### COSI-Corr: Co-registration of Optically Sensed Images and Correlation



Leprince et al., 2007 - http://www.tectonics.caltech.edu/slip\_history/spot\_coseis/

# Comparing images acquired from different viewpoints



Can you find the moving piece?

ъ

# Comparing images acquired from different viewpoints

# Images must be projected and resampled in a common geometry to be compared

▲□▶ ▲圖▶ ▲≣▶ ▲≣▶ = = のへで

# Image Resampling: principle



 Use approximated sinc kernels to preserve subpixel information and limit aliasing.

▲ロト ▲ □ ト ▲ □ ト ▲ □ ト ● ● の Q ()

### Sub-Pixel Image Correlation: local rigid translations

Fourier Shift Theorem

$$\begin{split} i_2(x,y) &= i_1(x - \Delta_x, y - \Delta_y) \\ I_2(\omega_x, \omega_y) &= I_1(\omega_x, \omega_y) e^{-j(\omega_x \Delta_x + \omega_y \Delta_y)} \end{split}$$

Normalized Cross-spectrum

$$C_{i_1i_2}(\omega_x,\omega_y) = \frac{I_1(\omega_x,\omega_y)I_2^*(\omega_x,\omega_y)}{|I_1(\omega_x,\omega_y)I_2^*(\omega_x,\omega_y)|} = e^{j(\omega_x\Delta_x+\omega_y\Delta_y)}$$

Finding the relative displacement

$$\phi(\Delta_x, \Delta_y) = \sum_{\omega_x = -\pi}^{\pi} \sum_{\omega_y = -\pi}^{\pi} W(\omega_x, \omega_y) |C_{i_1 i_2}(\omega_x, \omega_y) - e^{j(\omega_x \Delta_x + \omega_y \Delta_y)}|^2$$

- コン・4回シュービン・4回シューレー

*W* weighting matrix.  $(\Delta_x, \Delta_y)$  such that  $\phi$  minimum.

S. Leprince et al., IEEE TGRS, 2007

# Retrieving horizontal deformation: using SPOT imagery



SPOT 5 images 2.5 m resolution

> 2009-05-26 2010-04-08

SPOT images provided via USGS:

> **Rich Briggs** Ken Hudnut



# 2010 Mw 7.2 El Mayor Earthquake - SPOT Imagery

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ □▶ ▲ □▶ ▲ □ ● ● ● ●

Can you see the ground motion?

# 2010 Mw 7.2 El Mayor Earthquake - SPOT Imagery



ъ

Can you see the ground motion?

# The 2010 Mw 7.2 El Mayor-Cucapah Earthquake: Horizontal offsets from SPOT imagery



We measure slip variations for both lateral and normal components. Accuracy better than 1/10 pixel.

▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶▲□▶ ▲□ ● のへで

Wei et al., Nature Geoscience, July 2011

### Iceland Krafla crisis 1975-1984: declassified spy images



500

## Iceland Krafla crisis 1975-1984: declassified spy images



- Corona-Hexagon KH-9 correlated with SPOT images
- High resolution archived air-photos

Study by J. Hollingsworth, Caltech

# Tracking Sand Dunes on Mars, Nili Patera



Sand ripples displacement over 3 months retrieved from NASA HiRISE instrument orbiting Mars

Study by F. Ayoub, Caltech

# Tasman Glacier, New-Zealand (ASTER images, 15 m)

Norm of displacement between 24-01-2006 and 09-02-2006



F. Herman, et al., J. Glacology, 2011

# Taking Advantage of Panchromatic and Multi-Spectral Pusbroom Sensors



Time delay between Pan and MSI acquisition is around 2.5-3 s on SPOT satellites

▲□▶ ▲□▶ ▲ □▶ ▲ □▶ ▲ □ ● ● ● ●

# Taking Advantage of Panchromatic and Multi-Spectral Pusbroom Sensors

Correlating panchromatic and green bands to derive oceanic wave velocity

# Taking Advantage of Panchromatic and Multi-Spectral Pusbroom Sensors



Study with Marcello De Michele, BRGM, France. In press RSE, 2011.

# Retrieving vertical offset from pre- post-LiDAR differencing



 We use COSI-Corr to estimate and compensate the horizontal displacement between pre- and post-EQ LiDAR

# Vertical offsets: Borrego and Puerta Accomodation Fault zones

LiDAR differencing before and after horizontal compensation

## Crack Experiments in the Lab: Earthquake Simulations



Work with Vito Rubino and Ares Rosakis, Caltech

# **Conclusions:**

- Sub-pixel image registration and correlation are versatile tools to monitor time changes,
- High resolution, high accuracy offset maps in 2D or 3D, ideally 4D with time-series,
- Clear goal of achieving a continuous and high resolution monitoring of our environment to better understand climate evolution, water resources, geomorphology, seismotectonics, etc.
- COSI-Corr technology is being transferred to Imagin'Labs Corporation, a Caltech spin-off, to propose routine processing of large data sets and expert processing services.

