Keck Institute for Space Studies

List of Study Programs

2024 Programs:

- 1. Sample return from all across the Solar System
- 2. <u>Metasurface Optics for High-Contrast Imaging: Design, Fabrication, and Implementation</u>
- 3. Forging Community Consensus for an Integrated GHG and Winds Mission
- 4. <u>Digital Twins for Solar System Exploration: Enceladus</u>
- 5. Astronomical Optical Interferometry from the Lunar Surface

2023 Programs:

- 1. Blazing Paths to Observing Stellar and Exoplanet Particle Environments
- 2. <u>Determining the Interior Structure of Uranus: A Case Study for Leveraging Cross-</u> Discipline Science to Answer Tough Questions
- 3. The Biology of Biosignature Detection
- 4. <u>Managing Soil Organic Carbon for Climate Change Mitigation: Multiscale</u>
 Quantification Through Remote Sensing, Al and Biogeochemical Models

- 1. Exploring Exoplanets with Interferometry
- Developing a Continuity Framework for Satellite Observations of Climate
- 3. Targeting Microhabitats for Life Detection
- 4. Enabling Fast Response Missions to NEOs, ISOs, and LPCs
- 5. Caltech Space Challenge 2022 (Student-Led Program, Co-Sponsored)

2020 - 2021 Programs:

- 1. COVID-19: Identifying Unique Opportunities for Earth System Science
- 2. Next Generation Planetary Geodesy
- 3. The Next-Generation Ground-Based Planetary Radar
- 4. Venus In-Situ Sample Capture Mission
- 5. Revolutionizing Access to the Martian Surface
- 6. Non-Nuclear Exploration of the Solar System
- 7. Real Time Detection and Tracking of Fires that Matter

2019 Programs:

- 1. Beyond Interstellar: Extracting Science from Black Hole Images
- 2. Nebulae: Deep-Space Computing Clouds
- Sensing Forest Water Dynamics from Space: Towards Predicting the Earth System Response to Droughts
- 4. <u>Data-Driven Approaches to Searches for the Technosignatures of Advanced</u>
 Civilizations
- Caltech Space Challenge 2019 (Student-Led Program, Co-Sponsored)

- 1. MarsX: Mars Subsurface Exploration
- Unlocking a New Era in Biodiversity Science: Linking Integrated Space Based and In-Situ Observations
- 3. <u>Tidal Heating Lessons from Io and the Jovian System</u>
- 4. <u>Large Constellations and Formations for Exploring Interstellar Objects and Long-Period Comets</u>

- 1. Accessing the Subsurface Oceans of Icy Worlds
- 2. <u>Cryogenic Comet Sample Return Compelling New Science vs. Technological</u> Challenges
- 3. Designing Future CMB Experiments
- 4. <u>Next-Generation Approach for Detecting Climate-Carbon Feedbacks: Space-Based Integration of Carbonyl Sulfide (OCS), CO2, and SIF</u>
- 5. The Architecture of LISA Science Analysis: Imagining the Future
- 6. Unlocking the Climate Record Stored within Mars' Polar Layered Deposits
- 7. Caltech Space Challenge 2017 (Student-Led Program)

2016 Programs:

- Addressing the Mars ISRU Challenge: Production of Oxygen and Fuel from CO2 Using Sunlight
- 2. Exoplanet Imaging and Characterization: Coherent Differential Imaging and Signal Detection Statistics
- 3. Optical Communication on SmallSats Enabling the Next-Era in Space Science

- Don't Follow (Just) the Water: Does Life Occur in Non-Aqueous Media?
- 2 Exploring New Multi-Instrument Approaches to Observing Terrestrial Ecosystems and the Carbon Cycle From Space
- 3 Methane on Mars
- 4. Optical Frequency Combs for Space Applications
- 5 Three Dimensional (3D) Additive Construction for Space using In-Situ Resources
- 6 Caltech Space Challenge 2015 (Student-Led Program)

- 1. Adaptive Multi-Functional Space Structures for Micro-ClimateControl
- 2. <u>Bridging the Gap: Observations and Theory of Star Formation Meet on Large</u> and Small Scales
- Gazing at the Solar System: Capturing the Evolution of Dunes, Faults, Volcanoes and Ice from Space
- Mapping and Assaying the Near Earth Object Population Affordably ona Decadal Timescale
- 5. Science and Enabling Technologies to Explore the Interstellar Medium
- 6. Venus Seismology

- 1. Airships: A New Horizon for Science
- Inferring Thermal and Mechanical Properties of Celestial Bodies Regolith Using (Simple) Low-T
- 3. New Approaches to Lunar Ice Detection and Mapping
- 4. <u>Planetary Magnetic Fields: Planetary Interiors and Habitability</u>
- Satellites to the Seafloor: Autonomous Science to Forge a
 Breakthrough in Quantifying the Global Ocean Carbon
 Budget
- The Sleeping Giant: Measuring Ocean Ice Interactions in Antarctica
- 7. Caltech Space Challenge 2013 (Student-Led Program)

- 1. CMB Polarization Cosmology in the Coming Decade
- 2. Engineering Resilient Space Systems
- 3. In Situ Science and Instrumentation for Primitive Bodies
- 4. New Methods to Measure Photosynthesis from Space
- 5. Quantum Communication, Sensing and Measurement in Space
- 6. Small Satellites: A Revolution in Space Science
- 7. <u>Tools and Algorithms for Sampling in Extreme Terrain (Student-Led Program)</u>

2011 Programs:

- 1. Asteroid Return Mission Study
- 2. <u>Digging Deeper: Algorithms for Computationally-Limited Searches in Astronomy</u>
- 3. <u>High Altitude Ballooning for Space and Atmospheric Observation (Student-Led Program)</u>
- 4. <u>Monitoring of Geoengineering Effects and their Natural and Anthropogenic</u>
 Analogues
- 5. Next Generation UV Instrument Technologies Enabling Missions in Astrophysics, Cosmology and Planetary Sciences
- 6. xTerramechanics Integrated Simulation of Planetary Surface Missions
- 7. Caltech Space Challenge 2011 (Student-Led Program)

- 1. Future Missions to Titan: Scientific and Engineering Challenges
- 2. Innovative Approaches to Planetary Seismology
- 3. Innovative Satellite Observations to Characterize the Cloudy Boundary Layer
- 4. Quantifying the Sources and Sinks of Atmospheric CO2
- 5. The First Billion Years

- 1. Climate Feedbacks and Future Remote Sensing Observations
- 2. <u>Innovative Approaches to Exoplanet Spectra</u>
- 3. Innovative Concepts in IR/Submm Astronomy from Space
- 4. <u>Mission Concepts for Accessing and Sampling High-Risk Terrains on Planetary Surfaces</u>
- 5. Monitoring Earth Surface Changes from Space
- 6. Shedding Light on the Nature of Dark Matter
- 7. Single Photon Counting Detectors

- 1. Coherent Arrays for Astronomy and Remote Sensing
- 2. Large Space Structures
- 3. New Directions in Robotic Exploration of Mars